Table 9 shows the freight and passengers carried by motor-carriers in 1950 and 1951. Traffic data were not available for the majority of the small operators. Many truck operators failed to report tons of freight carried and others reported only estimates so that these data are not complete. A difficulty in compiling weights is that much traffic is carried on a load or package basis and not on a weight basis. Records of passengers appear to be fairly complete, possibly because tickets are sold and accounted for, and the unit is not so complex as for freight carried.

## 9.—Traffic Carried by Motor-Carriers, 1950 and 1951

	Freight Carriers with—				Total.
Year and Item	Annual Revenue of \$20,000 or over	Annual Revenue of \$8,000- \$20,000	Annual Revenue of under \$8,000	Passenger Carriers	All Carriers
Passengers—					
Regular Routes— Intercity and rural	270,692 —	21,978 —	Ξ	128,911,770 228,541,212	129,204,440 228,541,212
Intercity and ruralNo.	9,228	_ <sup>186</sup>		5,272,678 314,201	5,282,092 314,201
Totals, Passengers	279,920	22,164	-	363,039,861	363,341,945
Totals, Freight, Intercity and Rural ton	15,849,326	1,599,265	1,501,585	59,312	19,009,488
1951 Passengers — Regular Routes —					
Intercity and rural	490,781 —	13,090 —	=	126,996,603 232,387,675	127,500,474 232,387,678
Intercity and ruralNo.	3,928	- 642	=	5,705,737 348,282	5,710,307 348,282
Totals, Passengers No.	494,709	13,732		365,438,297	365,946,738
Totals, Freight, Intercity and Bural <sup>1</sup> ton	15,371,413	1,395,833	1,448,539	32,971	18,248,756

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tonnage data are not reported by all carriers and totals are, therefore, incomplete.

Motor-Vehicle Accidents.—Motorists are required by law to report accidents but complete statistics of these accidents are not available for all provinces. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics compiles statistics on all deaths from motor-vehicle accidents and these are shown in Table 10. A direct comparison of such statistics between the provinces is of little value owing to differences in size, population, motor-vehicle density, etc., but, to put them on somewhat the same basis, the average number of deaths per 10,000 registered motor-vehicles has also been tabulated. These data still give no weight to differences in use of motor-vehicles, variations in climate, road conditions, tourist cars, etc., all of which are factors in accidents but it is apparent that more safety education is required in all provinces.

Data presented in Table 11 relate to traffic accidents only and consequently may not be compared with Table 10 which includes details of fatalities occurring elsewhere than on public streets or roads.